DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND REPORT OF AUDIT DECEMBER 31, 2022

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

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COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

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OFFICIALS IN OFFICE AND SURETY BONDS

The following officials were in office during 2022

NAME

TITLE

Board of Fire Commissioners

Lawrence Pharo Sr.

Chairman

Charles Lupton

Vice Chairman

Cliff Higbee

Secretary

George Robertson

Treasurer

Elizabeth Crowley

Commissioner

Amount of Surety Bond

Coverage

Employee Dishonesty Bond - Treasurer

\$100,000

Employee Dishonesty Coverage (Blanket)

\$10,000

NIGHTLINGER, COLAVITA & VOLPA

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Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Members of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 County of Cumberland P.O. Box 48 154 New Jersey Avenue Fortescue, New Jersey 08321

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in
 the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, and schedule of receipts, disbursements and changes in cash are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, and schedule of receipts, disbursements and changes in cash are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and insurance sections of the annual report. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2023 on our consideration of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governments Auditing Standards* in considering Downe Township Fire District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

NIGHTLINGER, COLAVITA & VOLPA, P.A.

Raymond Colavita, C.P.A., R.M.A.

April 26, 2023

NIGHTLINGER, COLAVITA & VOLPA

A Professional Association
Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Members of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 County of Cumberland P.O. Box 48 154 New Jersey Avenue Fortescue, New Jersey 08321

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, in the County of Cumberland, State of New Jersey as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Downe Township Fire District No 1's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in **Government Auditing Standards** issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, New Jersey Division of Local Government Services, State of New Jersey.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fire District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatement on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fire District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under **Government Auditing Standards**.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with **Government Auditing Standards** in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. However, this report is a matter of public record.

Respectfully submitted,

NIGHTLINGER, COLAVITA & VOLPA, P.A.

Raymond Colavita, C.P.A.

Registered Municipal Accountant

April 26, 2023

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

As management of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, we offer readers of Downe Township Fire District No. 1 financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Downe Township Fire District No. 1 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Fire District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the information furnished in the notes to the basic financial statements along with the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Fire District's financial performance. This is the third year of implementation of GASB 34, which provides more detailed comparisons to prior year financial information.

Financial Highlights

- > The assets of Downe Township Fire District No. 1 exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$426,754 (Net Position).
- As of the close of the current year, the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$324,915, a combined decrease of \$10,344 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's basic financial statements. The Downe Township Fire District No. 1's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements.

District-wide Financial Statements- The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for certain items that will result in cash flows in future periods.

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The activities of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 include fire-fighting/suppression services that are provided to the citizens of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1.

Fund Financial Statements- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Downe Township Fire District No. 1, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 constitute one fund type, which is the governmental fund type.

Governmental Funds- All of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information provides insight as to determining a range of financial resources available to finance fire-fighting/suppression services in the near future.

The Downe Township Fire District No. 1 maintains a maximum of four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special revenue fund, capital projects fund, and the debt service fund.

The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Also, Downe Township Fire District No. 1 adopts an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14:78-3. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance regarding spending within the budget, as well as provide management with a planning tool to achieve the goals of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

The net position reported each year, and the amount of change thereon, provides a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1, assets exceeded liabilities by \$426,754 at the close of the current year.

The Downe Township Fire District No. 1's net position is comprised of cash and land, buildings and equipment. The Fire District uses these assets to provide fire-fighting/suppression services to the citizens of the District. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from operation sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities.

Statement of Net Position

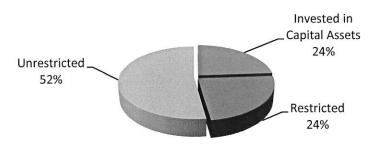
Table 1 provides a comparative summary of the combined Fire District's net position for the years ended in 2022 and 2021.

Table 1
Net Position

	₽■	2022	2021
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	311,270 \$	326,408
Prepaid Insurance		15,500	14,297
Capital Assets, net		142,037	199,157
Total Assets		468,807	539,862
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		1,855	5,446
Accrued Interest Payable		190	281
Due within one year		40,008	38,902
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due beyond one year		×	40,008
Total Liabilities		42,053	84,637
Net Position		426,754	455,225
Analysis of Net Position Invested in Capital Assets,	,		
Net of Related Debt		102,029	120,247
Restricted		101,828	90,828
Unrestricted		222,897	244,150
Total Net Position	\$	426,754 \$	455,225

Net Position of governmental activities decreased \$28,471 from the previous year. The following table depicts the allocation of Net Position for 2022:

Net Position - 2022



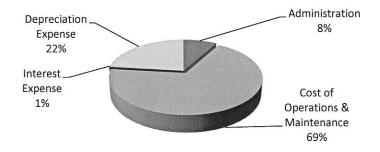
Governmental Activities. The Statement of Activities shows the cost of the governmental activities program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 2 shows the Statement of Activities for the fiscal year's 2022 and 2021.

Table 2
Statement of Activities

		2022	2021
Expenses:		_	
Operating Expenses Administration Cost of Operations and Maintenance Interest on Long-Term Debt Depreciation Expense	\$	20,788 174,373 2,156 57,120	\$ 22,973 132,285 3,186 64,522
Total Program Expenses		254,437	222,966
Program Revenues	•		
Operating Grants & Contributions		301	301
Net Program Expenses		254,136	222,665
Taxes:			
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpose Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Unrestricted Investment Earnings		184,410 41,149 106	183,360 41,150 29
Total General Revenues		225,665	224,539
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	,	(28,471)	1,874
Net Position, January 1		455,225	453,351
Net Position, December 31	\$	426,754	\$ 455,225

Property taxes represent 99% of District Revenue. The following table depicts the allocation of expenses for 2022:

Expenses from Governmental Activities - 2022



Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

As previously stated, the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund. The focus of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year and as a useful measure of permitting a governmental unit to maintain cash flow in anticipation of tax collections.

As of the end of the current year, the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$324,915 a decrease of \$10,344 from the prior year. This ending fund balance represents unrestricted funds of \$223,087, of which, \$26,000 is assigned to support general fund appropriations in the subsequent year. The remaining \$197,087 of unrestricted fund balance is unassigned in the general fund.

Restricted fund balance of \$101,828 is comprised of \$4,828 for future debt service appropriations and \$97,000 is reserved for future capital outlay. Prior to budget appropriation, the reserve for future capital outlay is subject to voter approval of the District.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1. The fund balance for Downe Township Fire District No. 1's general fund decreased by \$10,344 during the current year.

General Fund revenues increased \$1,127 from the prior year.

Total expenditures increased \$36,700 from the prior year, representing a decreases in administration costs of \$2,185, offset by an increased cost in operations and maintenance of \$38,885.

Capital Projects Fund

The District had no open capital projects in 2022.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Downe Township Fire District No. 1 modified its 2022 general fund budget in conformance with statute through budget transfers approved in the minutes.

The original operating budgetary revenue estimate of \$184,911 consisted of \$184,410 for property taxes (local tax levy), \$301 in operating grants and \$200 in other miscellaneous revenue. The original budgetary expenditure estimate of \$211,260 was the same as the final budget for planned expenditure appropriations and included \$178,660 for operations and maintenance expenditures, \$21,600 in administration expenditures and \$11,000 in the reserve for future capital outlay.

There was additional \$41,149 in taxes levied for debt service in 2022.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The Downe Township Fire District No. 1's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$142,037. This investment in capital assets includes building improvements, vehicles, and firefighting equipment.

The balance in accumulated depreciation, as of December 31, 2022, was \$1,695,613.

CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)

	_	2022	 2021
Building Improvements	\$	60,000	\$ 60,000
Furniture and Equipment		33,773	43,400
Vehicles		48,264	95,757
Total Capital Assets	\$_	142,037	\$ 199,157

Additional information on the Downe Township Fire District No. 1's capital assets can be found in Note 3 in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

As of December 31, 2022, the District had one capital lease open, with an outstanding principal balance of \$40,008. Additional information on the District's capital lease can be found in Note 4 and 5 of the notes to financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

For the 2022 year the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 was able to sustain its budget through the district tax levy and other sources of revenue. Approximately 99% of total revenue is from the local tax levy.

The Board of Fire Commissioners adopted the 2023 budget January 2, 2023, and the voters subsequently approved the budget at the annual fire district election held on February 18, 2023. The Fire District's budget is prepared according to New Jersey law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of accrual accounting.

Contacting the Fire District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our patrons, citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Fire District's finances and to show the Fire District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mr. Mike Rothman, Treasurer, Downe Fire District No. 1, PO Box 48, Fortescue, NJ 08321.

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

ACCETC.			G _	Sovernmental Activities
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	311,270
Prepaid Insurance				15,500
Fixed Assets	\$	60,000		
Land, Buildings, and Improvements, net Vehicles, net	Φ	48,264		
Furniture and Equipment, net		33,773		
,			-0	440.007
			_	142,037
Total Assets			_	468,807
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable				1,855
Accrued Interest Payable				190
Due within one year (Note 4 and 5)				40,008
Total Liabilities			_	42,053
NET POSITION:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted:				102,029
Future Capital Outlay				97,000
Debt Service				4,828
Unrestricted				222,897
Total Net Position			\$	426,754

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		vernmental Activities
Expenses: Operating Appropriations:	Φ.	00.700
Administration Cost of Operations and Maintenance Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$	20,788 174,373 2,156
Depreciation Expense		57,120
Total Program Expenses		254,437
Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions		301
Net Program Expenses		254,136
General Revenues: Taxes:		
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes		184,410
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service		41,149
Miscellaneous	17-11-11	106
Total General Revenues		225,665
Increase/ (Decrease) in Net Position		(28,471)
Net Position, January 1	3	455,225
Net Position, December 31	\$	426,754

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	ē.	General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Gov	Total /ernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Prepaid Insurance	\$	306,442 15,500	\$	4,828 \$	5	311,270 15,500
Total Assets	\$_	321,942	\$	4,828	S	326,770
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	w <u>-</u>	1,855			<u>~ </u>	1,855
Total Liabilities		1,855				1,855
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Future Capital Outlay Debt Service Fund Assigned, Reported in:		97,000		4,828		97,000 4,828
Designated for Subsequent Years Expenditures Unassigned, Reported in:		26,000				26,000
General Fund		197,087				197,087
Total Fund Balances	-	320,087	_	4,828		324,915
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	321,942	\$	4,828		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cos of the assets is \$1,837,650 and accumulated depreciation is	st					
\$1,695,613 (Note 3).						142,037
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds (see Note 5).						(40,008)
Accrued interest on the Capital lease is not paid within the current period and therefore, not reported in the Governmental	Fun	nds.				(190)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	426,754

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	_	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Amount to be Raised by Taxation	\$	184,410	\$	41,149	\$	225,559
Miscellaneous		106				106
Operating Grant Revenue	_	301				301
Total Revenues	_	184,817	_	41,149		225,966
EXPENDITURES						
Operating Appropriations:		00.700				00.700
Administration Cost of Operations and Maintenance		20,788 174,373				20,788 174,373
Capital Lease Principal		174,575		38,902		38,902
Capital Lease Interest				2,247		2,247
Total Expenditures	-	195,161		41,149	•	236,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	-		_		•	
Over Expenditures		(10,344)				(10,344)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	· -	14			-0	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-				-0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(10,344)	_		-	(10,344)
Fund Balance—Jan 1	420	330,431		4,828		335,259
Fund Balance—Dec 31	\$	320,087	\$	4,828	- \$ =	324,915

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)		Ç	\$ (10,344)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.			
Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$	(57,120)	
	<u> </u>		(57,120)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reductiong-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and is not reported in the statement of activities.	ces		38,902
In the Statement of Activities, interest on Capital Leases is accrued, regardless of when it is due.			91
Proceeds from debt issues are a financing source in the governmental funds. They are not revenue in the statement of activities; issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Change in net position of governmental activities (A-2)		3	 \$ (28,471)

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. <u>Description of Reporting Entity</u> - Fire District No. 1 of Downe Township is a political subdivision of the Township of Downe, Cumberland County, New Jersey. It was formed through the adoption of a Township ordinance. A board of five commissioners oversees all operations of the Fire District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years with the annual election held the third Saturday of every February.

Fire Districts are governed by **N.J.S.A.** 40A:14-70 et al. and are organized as a taxpaying authority charged with the responsibility of providing the resources necessary to provide fire-fighting services to the residents within its territorial location. Fire District No. 1 serves the Fortescue area of the Township.

The Fire District is not a component unit of any other financial reporting entity as to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

b. <u>Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Basis of Preparation</u> - The financial statements of the Fire District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Generally, the financial statements are presented using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The more significant of the Fire District's accounting policies are described in this Note.

The Fire District's basic financial statements consist of district-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

District-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Fire District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the government. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Fire District at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Fire District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the Fire District is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the Fire District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Fire District.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

b. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the Fire District segregates transactions related to certain Fire District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Fire District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column. The Fire District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. For fire districts, only one category of funds exists, which is governmental.

Governmental Funds - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus, of which only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the matter in which the governmental activities of the district-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Fire District and is used to account for its inflows and outflows of financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as firefighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the General Fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as state or federal government grants and appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. There were no Special Revenue Awards during 2022.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as fire houses and firefighting apparatus. Generally, the financial resources of the Capital Projects Fund are derived from the issuance of debt or by the reservation of fund balance, which must be authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. The District had no open capital projects as of December 31, 2022.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources that will be used to service general long-term debt liabilities recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> - The Fire District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.1 et al. The fire commissioners must introduce and approve the annual budget not later than sixty days prior to the annual election. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the Fire District. The public hearings must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioners may, by majority vote, adopt the budget.

Amendments may be made to the Fire District budget in accordance with **N.J.S.A.** 40A:14-78.3. The budget may not be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval.

Subsequent to the adoption of the Fire District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the Fire District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election for approval of the legal voters.

Fire Districts have a prescribed budgetary basis to demonstrate legal compliance. However, budgets are adopted on principally the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Fire District's basic financial statements.

Amounts reported under "final budget" in Exhibit C-1 and I-3, and in the detail statements, include modifications to the adopted budget that were made during the year as approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Exhibit C-3 presents a reconciliation of the general fund revenues and special revenue fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule and the Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. Note that the Fire District does not report encumbrances outstanding at year-end as expenditures in the general fund since the general fund budget follows modified accrual basis of accounting.

Encumbrances - Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances, other than in the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at year-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Due to the small size of the Fire District, the selective encumbrance method is implemented rather than a full encumbrance system. Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund for which the Fire District has received advances are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at year-end. Encumbered appropriations carry over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next year to increase the appropriation reflected in the adopted budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current year-end.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

d. <u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. All certificates of deposit are recorded as cash regardless of the date of maturity.

New Jersey governments are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. **N.J.S.A.** 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey governments.

- **N.J.S.A.** 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in the State of New Jersey or state or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in another state with a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of the Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.
- **e.** <u>Inventories and Prepaid Expenses</u> Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.
- f. <u>Interfunds</u> Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds that are due within one year are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed.
- g. <u>Capital Assets</u> General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The Fire District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The Fire District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are required to be depreciated. Improvements are to be depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation should be computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated <u>Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements Vehicles	30 Years 5-10 Years
Furniture and Fixtures Firefighting Equipment	5-10 Years 5 Years

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

g. Capital Assets (Continued) -

- **N.J.S.A.** 40A:14-84 governs the procedures for the acquisition of property and equipment for Fire Districts, and **N.J.S.A.** 40A:14-85 to 87 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to such purchases. In summary, Fire Districts may purchase firefighting apparatus and equipment and land and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding 5 mills on the dollar of the last assessed valuation or property within the district upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000 or 2 percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.
- h. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of the Fire District when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the Debt Service Fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of the Fire District. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the Statement of Net Position.
- i. <u>Unearned Revenue</u> Unearned revenue in the special revenue fund represents cash, which has been received but not yet earned.
- j. Fire District Taxes Upon the proper certification to the assessor of the municipality in which the Fire District is located, the assessor shall assess the amount of taxes to be raised in support of the Fire District's budget in the same manner as all other municipal taxes. The collector or treasurer of the municipality shall then pay over to the treasurer or custodian of funds of the Fire District the taxes assessed in accordance with NJSA 40A: 14-79 the following schedule: on or before April 1, an amount equaling 21.25% of all moneys assessed; on or before July 1, an amount equaling 22.5% of all moneys assessed; on or before October 1, an amount equaling 25% of all moneys assessed; and on or before December 31, an amount equaling the difference between the total of all moneys so assessed and the total amount of moneys previously paid over.
- **k.** <u>Fund Balance and Reserves</u> Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, legally restricted appropriations, and future capital outlays.
- I. <u>Fund Balance and Reserves</u> Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, legally restricted appropriations, and future capital outlays.
- I. <u>Use of Estimates</u> In order for the preparation of basic financial statements to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- m. <u>Comparative Data</u> Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying basic financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Fire District's financial position and operations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

n. <u>Net Position</u> - Net Position represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net Position is classified into the following three components:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets-</u> This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted-</u> Net Position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Fire District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted-</u> Net Position is reported is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of Net Position.

The Fire District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

o. <u>Fund Balance</u>- The Fire District reports fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Fire District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The Fire District's classifications and polices for determining such classifications are as follows:

Non Spendable- The non-spendable fund balance classification included amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted—The restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions or constraints are placed on the use of resources either by being externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed-</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Fire District's highest level of decision-making authority, which for the Fire District, is the Board of Commissioners. Such formal action consists of an affirmative vote by the Board of Commissioners, memorialized by the adoption of a resolution. Once committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Commissioners removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

o. Fund Balance - (Continued)

<u>Assigned-</u> The assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Fire District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by either the Board of Commissioners or by the business manager, to which the Board of Commissioners or by the business manager, to which the Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such authority of the business manager is established by way of formal job description for the position, approved by the Board of Commissioners.

<u>Unassigned-</u> The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

- p. <u>Accrued Liabilities</u> While expenses incurred and paid in full from current financial resources are in general reported a obligations of the various funds, expenses that are not paid with expendable and available financial resources are accrues, such as for compensated absences and other obligation for claims and judgments.
- q. Revenues-Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Fire District, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Fire District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including Ad Valorem (property) taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use if first permitted, matching requirements in which the Fire District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements in which the resources are provided to the Fire District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, grants, fees, and rentals are revenue sources considered to be both measurable and available at year-end.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

r. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted the following GASB statements:

- GASB Statement No. 87 Leases: The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of Statement will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The adoption of GASB 87 did not impact the financial statements of the District.
- ➢ GASB Statement No. 92 Omnibus 2020: The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The adoption of GASB 92 did not impact the financial statements of the District.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates: The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The adoption of GASB 93 did not impact the financial statements of the District.

The accounting standards that the District is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

- Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62: The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The District's management is currently evaluating the future financial impact as a result of the issuance of GASB Statement No. 100.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences: The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The District's management does not anticipate any future financial impact as a result of the issuance of GASB Statement No. 101.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - All bank deposits and investments as of the balance sheet date are entirely insured or collateralized by a pool maintained by public depositories as required by the Governmental Unit Protection Act and are classified as credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the districts deposits may not be returned to it. Although the district does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, as described in Note 1, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. Seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Protection Act.

The Fire District designates and approves a list of authorized depository institutions based on an evaluation of solicited responses and presentation of GUDPA certifications provided by the financial institutions.

As of December 31, 2022, the District's bank balance of \$327,758 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Total	\$	327,758
Collateralized under GUDPA	×	77,758
Insured by Depository Insurance	\$	250,000

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	2)	Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Adjustment	D 8-	Balance December 31, 2022
Land, Building, & Improve. Vehicles Equipment	\$	306,000 1,043,674 487,976	\$	\$	\$	306,000 1,043,674 487,976
Totals at Historical Cost	×-	1,834,650				1,837,650
Less Accum. Depreciation for:						
Land, Build & Improve. Vehicles Equipment		(246,000) (947,917) (441,576)	(47,493) (12,627)			(246,000) (995,410) (454,203)
Total Accum. Depreciation	_	(1,635,493)	(60,120)			(1,695,613)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	199,157	\$ (60,120)	\$	\$	142,037

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

In 2015, the District entered into a capital lease agreement for a New Fire Pumper. The following represents future principal obligations associated with the capital lease:

	Principal Outstanding 12/31/2021	Increases	Decreases	Principal Outstanding 12/31/2022	Due Within One Year	Due After One Year
Obligations Under Capital Lease \$	78,910	\$	\$ 38,902	\$ 40,008	\$ 40,008	\$

5. CAPITAL LEASE

In 2015, the Fire District purchased a New Fire Pumper. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under a capital lease, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at December 31, 2022:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 40,008	\$ 1,139	\$ 41,147
	\$ 40,008	\$ 1,139	\$ 41,147

6. PROPERTY TAX LEVIES

Following is a combined tabulation of Fire District assessed valuations, tax levies and property tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuations for the current and preceding four years:

	Year	Assessed Valuations	Т	Total ax Levy	Property Tax Rates
10.7	2022	\$ 119,208,700	\$	225,559	0.190
	2021	119,886,900		224,510	0.188
	2020	122,892,900		223,709	0.183
	2019	125,007,700		223,479	0.179
	2018	127,258,500		211,910	0.167

7. SUPPLEMENTAL FIRE SERVICE PROGRAM

During 2022, the Fire District received \$301 for supplemental fire service program aid.

8. FUND BALANCES APPROPRIATED

The following presents the combined fund balance and the amount utilized in the subsequent year's budget for the current and preceding four years:

		En	d c	of		Utiliza	tio	n in
		Y	ear	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Subseque	ent	Budget
Ye	ar	 Unrestricted	_	Restricted	_	Unrestricted	_	Restricted
202	22	\$ 223,087	\$	101,828	\$	26,000	\$	
202	21	244,431		90,828		26,349		
202	20	230,202		79,828		27,300		
20	19	237,932		68,828		28,100		
20	18	244,431		53,000		26,800		

9. <u>DEFERRED CHARGES TO BE RAISED IN SUCCEEDING BUDGET</u>

There were no deferred charges to be raised in 2022.

10. LITIGATION

No contingent liabilities were noted per the Solicitor's written response to our inquiry.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

During 2022, the District executed an Agreement to Fight Fires Contract with Downe Township Fire/Rescue Co. 1, in which the Board Treasurer and Board Secretary of the Fire District are voting members of the Downe Township Fire/Rescue Co. 1.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

<u>Property and Liability Insurance</u> – The District maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				2	022	2				2021
	_	Original Budget		Modified Budget		Actual	(Variance Favorable Unfavorable)	_	Actual
Revenues Revenues and Other Financing Sources: Miscellaneous Revenues: Interest Earned	\$	100	•	100	•	31	· ·	(69)	e e	29
Miscellaneous Revenue	Φ_	100	Φ_	100	Φ _	75	Ф	(25)	Ф	
Total Miscellaneous Revenues		200		200		106		(94)		29
Operating Grant Revenue Supplemental Fire Services Program (P.L. 1985, ch. 383)	_	301		301		301				301
District Taxes: Operating and Maintenance	125	184,410	48	184,410		184,410			1 200	183,360
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	-	184,911	-	184,911	8) S	184,817		(94)		183,690
Expenditures Operating and Maintenance: Administration:	-		# **		18 A J (7 6		a (X 	
Salary & Wages		6,000		6,000		5,000		1,000		
Fringe Benefits Office Expense		600 5,200		13,150		13,102		48		16,332
Advertisement		1,000		773		591		182		86
Elections		400								
Contingent Expenses		1,600		1,600		1,040		560		
Membership/Dues		300		4.055		4.055				0.555
Professional Services	15	6,500	8 11	1,055	_	1,055	-81		-	6,555
Total Administration	-	21,600	3 .	22,578	_	20,788		1,790	- 2	22,973
Cost of Operations and Maintenance:										
Medical Expenses		6,700		2,000		04.004		2,000		7.000
Equipment		15,000		24,100		24,004 125		96		7,026 4,125
Training Contingent Expenses		10,600 4,000		125 1,000		125		1,000		4,125
Contracted Services Provided by		4,000		1,000				1,000		
Volunteer Fire Co. NJSA 401A: 14-67		17,000		17,000		17,000				17,000
Supplies		4,500		2,568		2,568				2,429
Utilities		31,000		43,000		42,855		145		24,379
Insurance		57,500		63,700		63,632		68		57,020
Maintenance and Repairs		32,360		24,189		24,189	_			23,509
Total Other Operating Expense		178,660		177,682		174,373	_	3,309		135,488
Reserve for Future Capital Outlay		11,000		11,000			_	11,000		
Total Operating and Maintenance	\$	211,260	\$	211,260	\$	195,161	\$	16,099	\$	158,461
Excess (Deficit) of Revenue Over Expenditures	\$	(26,349)	\$	(26,349)	\$	(10,344)) \$	16,005	\$	25,229
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		330,431		330,431		330,431	_			305,202
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	304,082	\$	304,082	\$	320,087	- \$ =	16,005	\$	330,431

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NOTE TO RSI FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	_	General Fund
Sources/inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	184,817
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ =	184,817
Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total outflows" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	195,161
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ =	195,161

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL LEASE	Planned Maturities	of Notes Balance Balance	Outstanding December December	December 31, 2022 31, 2021 Issued Redeemed 31, 2022		2023 \$ 40,008 \$ 78,910 \$ \$ 38,902 \$ 40,008
	Pla		nterest	Rate Decem		
			Date Interest	Issued Ra		11/13/14 2.80%
				Purpose	>	Fire Pumper

EXHIBIT I-3

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

	,			2(2022				2021	
		Original Budqet		Modified Budget		Actual	Po	Variance Positive (Negative) Final to Actual	Actual	
REVENUES:		0)			1			
Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget	∨	41,149	↔ '	41,149	↔ '	41,149	↔	↔	41,150	20
EXPENDITURES:										2
Principal Payments: Capital Lease		38,902		38,902		38,902			37,826	26
Interest Payments: Capital Lease	ļ	2,247	ļ	2,247	,I	2,247	i i		3,3	3,324
Total Expenditures		41,149	ļ	41,149	'	41,149	Ì		41,150	20
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures										
Fund Balance, January 1		4,828		4,828		4,828			4,8	4,828
Fund Balance, December 31	₩	4,828	₩	4,828	\ ()	4,828	•	φ 	4,828	28

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1
SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Accounts Receivable	12/31/2022	
	xpenditures	(301) \$
	ш.	↔
Receipts or Revenue	Received	301
	1	↔
Accounts Receivable	1/1/2022	
	1	↔
	인	12/31/22
	From	1/1/22
Srant Award	Amount	301
ō	1	↔
GMIS	Number	8030-150-041650
	State Program	Supplemental Fire Services Program
State Funding	Department	Department of Community Affairs

EXHIBIT J-2

DOWNE TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash - December 31, 2021			\$	326,408
Receipts: District Taxes SFSP Miscellaneous	\$	225,559 301 106		225 000
				225,966
				552,374
Disbursements:				
Budget Appropriations		220,158		
Prepaid Insurance		15,500		
Prior Accounts Payable		5,446		
	-		-	241,104
Cash - December 31, 2022			\$	311,270
Analysis of Balance				
Checking Account	\$_	327,758	_	
			\$	327,758
Outstanding Checks				(16,488)
			\$	311,270

GENERAL COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

We have audited the financial statements of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2023. As part of our examination, we made a study and evaluation of the system of internal accounting control of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 to the extent deemed necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards.

The purpose of our study and evaluation was to determine the nature, timing and extent of performing the auditing procedures necessary for expressing an opinion on the District's financial statements. Our study and evaluation was more limited than would be necessary to express an opinion on the system of internal control taken as a whole.

The Board of Fire Commissioners of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of a system are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation made for the purpose described in the second paragraph would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses in the system. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of accounting control of the Downe Township Fire District No. 1 taken as a whole. However, our study and evaluation disclosed no condition that we believe to be a material weakness.

The size of the staff is not large enough to achieve adequate segregation of duties. This can result in accounting errors or irregularities that may go undetected.

Therefore, to increase the likelihood of detecting material errors or irregularities at an early date, management should monitor and review the financial area and analytically review significant fluctuations between actual and budgeted results of operations. All significant fluctuations should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of edit tests to be applied in our audit of the 2022 financial statements.

The report is intended solely for the use of management and the Division of Local Government Services and should not be used for any other purpose.

GENERAL COMMENTS (Continued)

CONTRACTS AND AGREEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE ADVERTISED PER N.J.S.A. 40A:11-4

N.J.S.A. 40A:11-4 requires every appropriate contract or agreement shall be made or awarded only after public advertising for bids, except as provided otherwise by any other law for the sum exceeding the aggregate of \$17,500.

The Board of Fire Commissioners has the responsibility of determining whether the expenditures in any category will exceed the statutory threshold within the fiscal year. Where question arises as to whether any contract or agreement might result in violation of the statute, the Solicitor's opinion should be sought before a commitment is made. Our examination of expenditures revealed no instance of noncompliance with **N.J.S.** 40A:11-4.

AWARD OF PURCHASES, CONTRACTS OR AGREEMENTS BY QUOTATIONS N.J.S.A. 40A:11-6.1

Prior to the award of any purchase, contract or agreement, the District shall (except in the case of the performance of professional services) solicit quotations, whenever practicable, on any purchase, contract or agreement, the estimated cost or price of which is in excess of \$2,625. The award shall be made on the basis of the lowest responsible quotation received, which quotation is most advantageous to the contracting unit, price and other factors considered; provided, however, that if the contracting agent deems it impracticable to solicit competitive quotations in the case of extraordinary, unspecifiable services, or, in the case of such or any other purchase, contract or agreement awarded hereunder, having sought such quotations received, the contracting agent shall file a statement of explanation of the reason or reasons therefore, which shall be placed on file with said purchase, contract or agreement. Our examination of expenditures revealed that quotes were not solicited when necessary.

OTHER GENERAL COMMENTS

Purchase Orders/Vouchers

Our review of the purchasing and disbursements procedure disclosed that several purchase orders/vouchers were not used and the appropriate signatures for claimant's certification were included. The selective encumbrance method of expenditures was implemented as required by Directive of the Director of the Division of Local Government Services but we still received a manual listing of expenses by category that had to be manually added to get the yearly totals.

Minutes

Signed minutes of the meetings of the Commissioners were available, provided various detail, and were signed and prepared on a timely basis.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weakness, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New.

None

PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND OTHER FINDINGS

There were no problems or weaknesses noted in our review, which were of such magnitude that they would affect our ability to express an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Should any questions arise as to our comments and recommendations, or should you desire assistance in implementing our recommendation, please do not hesitate to call us.

APPRECIATION

We desire to express our appreciation for the assistance and courtesies rendered by the Fire District officials during the course of the audit.

Respectfully submitted.

NIGHTLINGER, COLAVITA & VOLPA, P.A.

Raymond Colavita, C.P.A.

Registered Municipal Accountant